



10/05/2018

Order: SAMPLE REPORT

Client #: 12345

Doctor: Sample Doctor, MD

Doctors Data Inc. 3755 Illinois Ave. St. Charles, IL 60174 Patient: Sample Report

Age: 68 Sex: Male

Body Mass Index (BMI): N/A

 Sample Collection
 Date/Time

 Date Collected
 10/01/2018

 AM30
 10/01/2018 0800

 Noon
 10/01/2018 1200

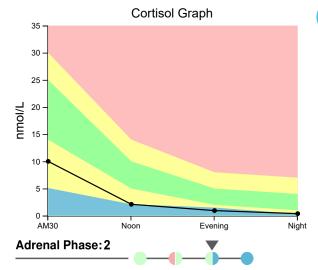
 Evening
 10/01/2018 1700

 Night
 10/01/2018 2100

 Date Received
 10/03/2018

Date Reported

| Analyte | Result | Unit | L | WRI | Н | Optimal Range | Reference Interval |
|------------------|--------|--------|--------------------|-----|---|---------------|--------------------|
| Cortisol AM30 | 10 | nmol/L | \(\) | > | | 14.0 - 25.0 | 5.1 - 30.0 |
| Cortisol Noon | 2.1 | nmol/L | \rightarrow | > | | 5.0 - 10.0 | 2.1 - 14.0 |
| Cortisol Evening | 0.94 | nmol/L | + | | | 2.0 - 5.0 | 1.5 - 8.0 |
| Cortisol Night | 0.38 | nmol/L | \rightarrow | > | | 1.0 - 4.0 | 0.33 - 7.0 |
| DHEA* | 24 | pg/mL | + | | | | 137 - 336 |



Hormone Comments:

- Diurnal cortisol pattern and reported symptoms are consistent with evolving (Phase 2) adrenal gland dysfunction (hypoadrenia).
- While DHEA levels are expected to decline with age (adrenopause), the DHEA level measured here is below the age related decline. The low DHEA level may warrant supplementation for optimal well-being. Note: Supplementation with DHEA may increase testosterone and/or estradiol levels.

Notes

RI= Reference Interval, L (blue)= Low (below RI), WRI (green)= Within RI (optimal), WRI (yellow)= Within RI (not optimal), H (red)= High (above RI) The current samples are routinely held three weeks from receipt for additional testing.

*This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by Doctor's Data, Inc. The FDA has not approved or cleared this test; however, FDA clearance or approval is not currently required for clinical use. The results are not intended to be used as the sole means for clinical diagnosis or patient management decisions.

Methodology: Enzyme Immunoassay



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| Analyte | Result | Unit | L | WRI | Н | Reference Interval | Supplementation Range** |
|---------------------------|--------|-------|---|--------------------|---|--------------------|-------------------------|
| Estrone (E1)* | 26.0 | pg/mL | | \rightarrow | | < 39 | |
| Estradiol (E2) | <0.5 | pg/mL | | | | < 2.5 | |
| Estriol (E3)* | <5.0 | pg/mL | | | | < 66 | |
| EQ (E3 / (E1 + E2)) Ratio | 0.00 | | | | | | |
| Progesterone (Pg) | 12 | pg/mL | | | | < 94 | 500 - 3000 |
| Pg/E2 Ratio | 120 | | 1 | | | 200 - 300 | |
| Testosterone | 72 | pg/mL | | \rightarrow | | 30 - 143 | 110 - 500 |
| DHEA* | 24 | pg/mL | 1 | | | 137 - 336 | |



Hormone Comments:

- There is no established reference range for the Estrogen Quotient (EQ) in men.
- The low Pg/E2 ratio and reported prostate gland related symptoms are consistent with progesterone insufficiency (estrogen dominance), which may increase the risk of prostate gland enlargement and cancer. Supplementation with topical progesterone to correct this relative deficiency is a
- Suboptimal testosterone is consistent with reported deficiency symptoms and may be associated with metabolic syndrome (insulin resistance). Serum vitamin D, hemoglobin A1c and insulin levels may be warranted. Boosting the testosterone level is a consideration.
- While DHEA levels are expected to decline with age (adrenopause), the DHEA level measured here is below the age related decline. The low DHEA level may warrant supplementation for optimal well-being. Note: Supplementation with DHEA may increase testosterone and/or estradiol levels.

Notes:

RI= Reference Interval, L (blue) = Low (below RI), WRI (green) = Within RI (optimal), WRI (yellow) = Within RI (not optimal), H (red) = High (above RI) The current samples are routinely held three weeks from receipt for additional testing.

The Pg/E2 ratio is an optimal range established based on clinical observation. Progesterone supplementation is generally required to achieve this level in men and postmenopausal women.

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**If supplementation is reported then the supplementation ranges will be graphed. The supplementation ranges depicted are for informational purposes only and were derived from a cohort of adult men and women utilizing physiologic transdermal bioidentical hormone therapy.

Methodology: Enzyme Immunoassay